

or the artists whose projects are featured on these pages, beads being out their whirmical side. Fun and funciful, these designs will get you thinking with fresh enthusiasen about wirework, polymer clay,

While many of these crimes can be worked up in a jiffs, others will use needs your beading shifts. From the grageously realistic hamminghed on page 32 to the futuration fish doughts on pages 36 and 38, the more domarding projects are worth the effort. And does 1 min our beaded are philibians. The electrica will have pulping to choose Whatever piece you land on will likely be the first of many constions sure to impire wonder.

Easy step-by-ner; instructions and meticalisms have no photographs and figures will guide you through even the more challenging projects. Beginners should need the beading bases to get an enversive of the execution techniques. You may want to sy the off-lower stickness with large beads to their highes. Two may want to sy the off-lower stickness with large beads to get the hung of their stylents, the dates mentmented that you practice the wire-working techniques with inexpensive cutil wise before you tackle

Whether you choose to stitch or to sculpt, you'll enjoy bringing these weederful creatures to life. Indeed, these designs are really just starting points. All the projects suggest snyriad ways that you can concert a creature of your own. We hope you'll be impired to populate your own memogrie!

Beaded

From the pages of BeadEtButton magazine





Contents





ware stitch essentials

Thread, knots, making wire loops, peyote stitch and



Simple wire critters Wire bug pins

Dragonflies Bearled wire critte





Basics

half-hitch knot

surgeon's knot



source knot I Cross the left-hand cord-over the to front. Pull it up in front so both



wrapped loops











circular, even- and odd-count





peyote stitch rapid decrease

JOUGE



pevote stitch rapid increase



join payste pieces.

source stitch



decreasing square stitch





Wire and beads



Simple wire critters

O Choose a template and cut the

O Using the bend as your starting point, manipulate the wire into the desired shape (photo a). Begin at the

(a) Complete the figure by wrapping several times (photo b). Keen the scram

(A With the U.in wire and make a (photo c). If you make a wrapped loop, (a) To embellish the figure, string one

Open the loop on an earring wire







Dragonfly charms

O String the draggedly tail on the head To make the body, make a right

angle bend in the wire 2 in. (5cm) from triangle, two dagger bends, a triangle, daggers, and a triangle (photo a).

@ Gently curve the section of strung

bend (eheto b). (a) Hold the circle of beads firmly and close. The first wrap should be right on

with chaismose pliers. (a) String one crystal on the 2-in, wire

earrings

necklace Oct two 2-in. lengths of wire

and start a wrapped loop on one end of each.

a 6-in. (15cm) length of chain above @ String a split ring on one end of 16 Hook both loops on the loop above









length of chain on each loop before correlating the wrates (photo d). Repeat step 1, booking a wrapped

O Report stem 4, this time banking

the other end with another split ring. 4

Wire and beads



Wire bug pins

Indiag and all—with just two or the beads and a couple feet of wire. Make spiders, butterflies, moths, ants, drappedies, or are other creepy crime you may be fond of. Once you've don the first one, you'll see lost of ways to custorsize your creations.

make the base—any bug

Place four 10-in. (25cm) lengths

other. Bend a 10-in, length of 24-gauge were in half and straddle the group of square weirs with it (photo a). Wrap the 24-gauge wire a few times around the bundle of square wires, farmening at each half-tan-with flatnose plies (photo b). End with the wrap wires going in opposite directions. Where the bundle is wrapped, bend

the two outer wires perpendicular to the bandle. These wires become wings, legs, and antennae later or. Set aside. ② Out an 8-in. (20cm) length of 20-gauge round wire and string two (ghoto c).

Center the beaded body wire on top of the burdle of square wires, pussing the ends of the body wire through the

the ends of the body wire through to two center wires of the bundle.

On each end, secure the "step"

pertions of the body wire between the two square wires with a few wraps of the 24-gauge wire (photo d). make the pin

The body wire is now shaped into the pin finding as follower at the hind

(1.5cm) post the last bend. With roundnose pliers, make a tirsy loop at the very tip of the wire (photo e). Bend the last V in. (6mm) of wire around your roundnose pliers (photo f) to



roundnese pliers approximately % in. below the last bend in the round wire. Loop the wire 1% turns around one in

of the roundnose pliers (photo g). Trim the wire with a diagonal cutter about N in, pust the end of the critter. Use a whetstone or jeweler's file to create the point of the pin.

adding details—spider The spider design is the si

with each end of the four square wires becoming a leg. 1 Begin by trimming the 24-gauge

more wraps. @ Bend the inner two square wires.

ends (photo h). O Trim each les wire to about 1% in.

adding details-butterfly or moth

O Rend the two hind end wires 180 head (photo I).

Wrap each of these wires twice alternative, you could trim one and

for a tongue, Make spiral antennae with the

brad end wires (aboto k). (a) Bend each end of the two outer

to front (abota I). After sergreing Make a small origin with the

head to secure it. • - Irina Miech





















Taols fatness and mundoose pliers, wire



Wire and beads

Dragonflies These magical creatures made of beads,

These magical creatures made of beads, wire, and silk thread are easy and fun to make. Be creative; their variations are

First construct the dragonfly's then add the wing details. Finally, embellish the dragonfly with beac

the body

Out the wire into three 6-in.

(15cm) lengths. Bend two of that their centers around the dothe wings. Bend the third at its around the roundnose pliers is

body (photo a).

Bend the wires up, perpendicular to the rest of the wire, 1 in. (2.5cm) from the each end to form less.

■ Lay the body wire vertical on a work surface with the legs at the top when the legs at the top the legs to the legs at the top the body, legs together. Tape the ouedges of all three pieces in position. Spread the legs out and push them down to they are at approximately.

■ Wrap the end of the floss around the legs and tie to secure. "Bring the floss over the closest leg, Wrap under and around the leg. Pull tight and moto the next leg (figure 1 and photo c). Repeat from " around until each leg is held securely in place.

Only the flow in position and pull the tape off. Idea the dragority in one hard with the legs toward year and wrap a figure right around the wings; Counter the body and over its top. Co under the body and the left wings, Italian (In the legs toward the left wing and under the body and the left wing and under the body and the left wing. Italian (Ingare city) until (Ingare copt until the thorus is belief to generally until the thorus is belief to send the wings.



tail of the dragontly. The w

move a little when pushed but should stand alrene.

O Wrap the floss around the tail until it's covered. Keep the wraps side by sid —close and fight—(photo d) for a

smooth tanesh with no gaps.

When you reach the tail's end, cut the fism from the spood, leaving an 8-in. (20cm) tail. Work half-birch lone (see "Busics," p. 4) around the arc at fit tail's end to cover the metal. Keep ther close together (Basser 3).

wing detail

Thread a novelle with 2 vd. (1.8m)

of the finer thread. Tie one end onto the fibers along the side of the body mide the buse of the wing, Run the way up one side. Run the needle through the loop that forms and put tight. Run the needle under and ove the wire approximately % in. (6mm) away and come through the loop.

the ware approximately 8 in (00111) away and come through the loop. Repeat around the tip of the wing (figure 3). When you reach the opposite side, run the needle through the fibers on

use the needle through the libers on he side of the body and tie a knot. kegin a new row by going under the hread between the first two half-hirch musts off the previous row and making, is half-hirch knot; continue around. Disity tying onto the body fibers as before, the sameny rows as needed to fill in the lasy wing, Leave a space in the

























bead, and two used beads. Gill back through the term head and the three seed beads. Secure the thread, clip (\$bate 4.5. String enough seed beads to make a cicke around the beads below the bead. The intro a circle. Works arou on core-bead square with around the cicke to fill in the space between the form bead and the body (figure 4.5. New year) bead and the body (figure 4.6. New year) (*Gigere 5 and *Bisson'). String 2.5 in (5-7. Ken) of seed beads and weng them around the till (bloom). See vision the

beading seedles, 912 or 13

Taols: aire cuffer, roundresse and chairnose pliers, tape



floos, knot, and trim the thread. ◆ - Sharaw Bateman



Beaded wire critters

You'll love having these delightful garden creatures acourd. Hang then in a window, adhere them to picture frames, flower pots, and candles, tie them on gifts, or add a pin back to show off your new friend. Before you have it is the contraction of the process of of the process

Janow I, they'll be everywhere!
Once you start making projects lift these, individual beads will begin to suggest wory to use them. All four bugs are made using the same wire techniques. First, make the body, sarting at the bronnes and working up to the head. Then add the autenman fafferent the wings or feet. Finish by attaching a pin back or using one of it

up to the head. Then add the astensia and form the wings or feet. Finish by attaching a pin back or using one of the other fisishing options.

All the wirework is done with your fingers. Chainsone pliers can be used to tack in the wire code, but don't use them to twint the wire—it will break.

Cat a 36-in. (.9m) piece of wire and fold it in half.

Basebleber: Gently twist ½ in. (6mm)

of wire at the fold to make the stinger (photo a, p. 15). Then go to step 3.

String a 4mm crystal or a small bead on one wire against the field.

Weeking freen the bottom up, string the beads over both wires as follows:

Dragonfly: String Czech firepolished and glass beads with silver spacers, the body bead, and the hea bead (photo b, p. 15).

Batterfly: String the body bead in

Caterpiller: String a repeating pattern of 10-12mm beads and condelles or silver spacers followed by the head bead. beads for the body followed by the head bead. If the bead strung next to th stinger has a large hole and slides the wire, string a small bead that fi exault anison the wire twice before

stringing the body beads.

Push the beads together, leaving a little space between them for attachin the wings or feet.

antennae

◆ String a 4mm crystal on one of the wires about 15 in. (13mm) from the head bead and fold the wire over the crystal (photo c.p. 15)
◆ Grasp the crystal and the wire with your index finger and your

thranh. Twint the wires together between the crystal and the head between the crystal and the head between an antenna (photo d. p. 15). Expent with the other wire.

Bidd both when together and bring them shown against the head bend. Why the wires amound the ends, between the bead and body bend (photos q. p. 15). Made two wraps and of the wires are to wire in the head. Dark!

ng wings

If you are making a caterpillar, skip thi section and go to the instructions for making feet.

 Hold the wires in place at the nock, wrap one wire around the of and separate the wires so they go in opposite directions (phons f, p. 15)
 String a wing bead on one wire

opposite directions (photo f, p. 15).

String a wing bead on one wire, leaving about is in. (Innm) between the wing bead and the nock. Bend the wire down along the back of the bead and wrap it around the wire exiting from



Wire and beads



the body (photo e). For heads that are

than the wing beads. 1 Form a loop against the

front of the bead (photo h). Make A Make a large loop around the

few serum (photo i). End with the wire @ Report stores 2-4 with the other wire @ Repeat steps 2-4 to make a second

O Go to the instructions for adding a

O String a feet bend on one of the

Wrap each wire in opposite

the wires between the beads (photo k). Repeat steps 1 and 2 to make

O Go to the instructions for adding a pin back

1 Look at the shape of your bug and

@ Weave each wise that was used to twist them together (photo I). Secure the pin back by weaving the

O Trim the wires about X in Clemni

all critters.

betterfo

Sools-wire putters.



























past the bottom of the pin back. Use chainzose pliers to bend the wire enbehind the pin back.

Gently adjust the wings and tail.

other finishing techniques For a creature that will be glaed to picture frame, candle, etc., secure t wires with a couple of twists between

chainsose pilers to tuck the ends in.

For a plant decoration, continue
twisting the wires to form a stem that
can be inserted into a pot of soil (photo

m). I wost in a thicker gauge was a longer, standler stem. For a hanging critter, twist the together as described for the plan

decoration. Then make a wrapped loop (see "Basics" p. 4). Bend the loo up and against the back of the bug (photo n). •

– Kelly J. Nicodewas-Miller

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Clay beads Piñata pendant

section is removed after baking so glass

for a burro, or a saddle for a borse. making ears and horns O To form the horns, roll two li-in.

into the horms' bortoms (photo a). (a) To form the ears, mill a V-in-lone

of each our (obestech).

O links the horms and surp at the

making the legs O Condition the black and three or

O Use an X-acto knife or tissue blade strip (photo c). Slice straight down; de

Straighten two or more paper clips O Poel a black clay fringe corefully

the seam (photo d. center left). Add a (Jenm) (photo d. center right). Position Continue adding fringe until the top

(photo d. for right). Fluff a course of the (A) Driver the other

making the body

Select two fairly straight coenstanch
perature for the body and the needs. Trien
the body perature to 1 in. (2.5cm) and the
neck to 1 in. vibra at N-acts brife.

Grandition 1-2 ex. of white day and
rol a short on the 83 setting fabout
2.5cm thick). Cut a strip about 1 in.
wider than the body pearsat. Center the

body pearut on the strip's width and roll it up (photo e). Trim the strip to make a butt join and smooth the seam (photo f). Turn

in the ends, trim any excess, and smoot them. Repeat for the neck.

Prosition the neck on the body section and reinferce the join with a thin snake of white clay (photo g. p. 18). Smooth the snake with your

fingers or a mini roller.

Thoil a bull of day for the head and shape it to resemble the animal. Add the cared cars and horns. Press two seed boads into place for the eyes. Use the needle tool to care a month and nostrik. Position the head on the rock and seed to the beat in the roll to the beat in the roll to the ro

and smooth the join (phono b, p. 18).

To climinate air pockets in the body,
pole a small hole with a needle tool in
both the neck and body. These holes will
be covered with fringe lates. Balie the
body for 15-20 minutes.

Once the rises is cool, slice the

in clerkely with a tissue blade (photo i, p. 18). Place it in a small bowl of vester so the peanet will dissolve. You may need to coax refuctant bits of cornstanch out with the needle tool. Remove the figure from the water and let it dry completely.

fringing the body

Care the body according to the manufacturer's directions after fringing each section to avoid mashing the fringe.

① Prepare fringe strips as in steps 1-2

◆ Use a needle tool to pierce or a pin vise to drill holes into the body for the leg wires. Test fit the legs to the deal or need the print innerthe.















Clay beads









ribbon in each of three colors Tools: partie machine or acrylic and X-acts Sptional Puttin Wand mini-calls inside of the body (photo k). If the

them as needed. O Check the ears and horns, If they



(a) Gently case open the slit on the

finishing O To make a ribbon tail, dell a small (a) Start at the toil end and cover the

the hole with a needle tool (photo I). dry before continuing. (a) Wrap the body's chest, sides, and tail end with fringed strips running lengthwise (photo i). Cover the back as

(a) Put a small drop of cramoucrylate







Combining bends with polymer clay is a fun way to make pendants with personality. To create your own, mold a polymer body and embellish it with

city accerns, pearts, and germinence.
Wire in all the beads, even if there
are hundreds. Your finished piece must
be darable as well as fabulous. How sad
would it be to have an eyeless fish? If
you're hoping to add character to your
repertoirs, look no further than this

prepare the clay

O Condition the clay by running each color through the pasta machine set on #1. Repeat a docen times.

Mon the back color by combining.

posts muchine until theroughly blends

Make two new base—green accent,
and gold accent colors—by adjusting th

◆ You will also use gold clay straight from the package and gold clay crackle with foil. To add foil to the clay, run a little gold clay through the pasts machine set at 83. Lay the clay sheet or white paper, then place a sheet of gold foil on top of it. Pick them up from the names and run them through the pasts.

• View the four colors of clay together and adjust blends if no (photo a, p. 20).

build the body

Roll and manipulate the green
budy clay into a fish shape (photo b. p.

Smooth all sides. Pinch the
tips of the tail into flattened points.
Then adjust the mooth until you are
pleased with his expression. (Or is
your fish a ber!)
 When satisfied with the overall.

a needle tool through the top of the head, then insert the 16-gauge wire as shown in **photo b**.

add your accents

fish's personality relies on it. Use a solid-color tiger-eye bead that is dark than the rost of the fish. To me, the emakes the piece, so choose wisely.

than the rest of the Init. To me, the eye makes the piece, so choose wisely.

O Carve out the eye socket using your sculpting tool. Roll a little gold accent

Set your fish aside.

Genter the tiger-eye bead on

Clay beads









Turn your fish over on the paper

A Turn the fish over and work on the onto the body securely (photo e). @ For the top fins, roll green accent

press to attach (photo e) (a) Make smaller strips with the gold

Next to the eye, add a half-moon into place (abote f).

embellish and finish

O Use all the colors, individually or

Out time rectangles of foiled gold behind the swirl (photo g). f) String pearls and genstones on

















or when statistics with the concertification and the condition of the co

Fick up your fish and the card stock, place them on the haking sheet, and bake according to the manufacturer's directions. Let used skiphtly, When the days in oosl enough that you can hold it constraibly, remove the 1-gague wire from the stringing hole by greatly reciting and publing on it with places. Let your fish cool completely.

burst uraber and burnt sienna ocryfice (pheto ji. Paint a quarter section, then wipe off the paint with a slightly damp sponge, Only the clay's crevices retain the paint. Week quickly and carefully. If the permanence of acrylic paint makes you uncoenfortable, practice on mure dur or oralt this sien entirely. ◆ Cost the clap—whether you optad for the patina or non-with a class; protective glace. Place your fish on now card stock and set it on the tray in the revers. Bilds at 2007f for 10 missients to set the glace. Remove and cook.
◆ Your boad is done, All you have left to do it to name your fish.
◆ Your boad is done, All you have left to do it to name your fish.

Christi's polymer day sculptures are essabile on her websity www.dpriginalcom. Contact her at P.O. Bus 944, Tehachapi, California 9350; or at christili foriginalcom.

te: For the gold fiel, try Magic Loof, sold ough coup stores and online, or spring the good ouff such as Monarch's 23us gold leaf from http://mictowar.com.

materials 3-is. (Yimm) fish bead

2 or, Premo polymer clay, ecrs
2 or, Premo polymer clay, gold
gold leaf (see rote)
4 mm round tiger eye beal
5-8 rough emerald, mulischile, hurquoise, or apaths genestee
18 rixs-shaped freshouter pea

 4 in. (30cm) 35-gauge wire
 2 ft. (6m) 25-gauge wire
 acrylic paint, burnt sienna zed burnt wirber
 Sculppy Glaze Satin or other clear varnish

Soughy water series in reserved.
 Card stock or index cards
 Tasebs peats machine, craft haife or basen blade, wonder clay modeling bod, needle bad, coschet book or skewer, were coffers, faitness plees, painthranks, sponge, even or treation over, boking sheet
 Spilipsaak medience becomes:

Beaded butterfly iewelry

Colorful little butterflies pench berscrystals in this poetty necklace and bracelet set. Make the wings first an then the bodies. Attach the wings to body and add the antennae. Once it butterflies are complete, string them between repeating bead sequences for

your necessor and t

make the wings as a flower shape or consisting of eight loops. Change the flowers is shape to the flowers in the squares by sitching the edges together and then fold the squares principle.

Thread your needle with about a yard (.9m) of Nymo D. String on nins size 11th a rad the into a circle using a surgeon's knot (see "Basics," p. 4).
 Go back through the first three brade (see photo a). Thek up six new brade (see photo a).

brads (see photos a). "This up six merbrads. Go back through the first three brads again in the same direction (photos b) as well as all six of the newbrads. Esk up six more brads. Go dos through the last three of the previously strung six brads (photos c). Take needing up through the first three of the needly added six (photos d)." Seep repeating

from " to " for seven loops.

With needle in position after going



up three beads, pick up three beads to close the 8th loop and go down the last three beads of the first loop (pbate c). You should have 8 spokes in your flows • Holding the flower in your

nondeminant hand, take your nondeminant hand, take your nonde up through three boads in any spoke. Nigh the three boads at the top of the flower petal and go drewn the three adjacent beads in the spoke to the right to the left for leftice). Pall tightly to being spokes side by side (plotted). This will creme a three-bead

o the right, repeat three more tis ntil you have turned the flower; i require. Fold in half to enake a to his is your first butterfly wing. So he sides together at top and botts et aidde and repeat until you has f wings for each butterfly that w

make the body and add wings

Exit one of the picot beads in the
middle of a wing. String on a size 8°

the other wing (photo g).

Sew through the other piece bead on
the second wing, add another hex bead,

BEADED CRITTERS IN

thread path for stability.

Dadder stitch (see "Basics") on eight more hex beads for a total of five heads in front and five beads in back.

To add the antenna, exit one of the

top hex beads. Add four black and three silver size 14%. Skip the three silver beads and go back down the four black

other side for the second antens string the necklace

♠ Thread two needles with 2 pds, of conditioned Nymo on each, Using both needles, string on 11 size 11° seed brack. Thread this through the loop of one end of the dasp and go through the first seed bead again is the opposite direction.
♠ Striau on for 4 stran brack, one large.

"On one thread, string on two size
 11's, one 4mm, and two size 11's and p
 through the top hex bead of your first
 butterfly. Repeat the same puttern on the

d on 11%, one-treen, ad, through the bot d this pattern.









butterfiles









- (a) With your thread exiting the top row
- @ Ziggag your thread back through the

 - Make the second strand as you did spaces on other end @ - Rathura Klasse









butterfies are strung. image of the starting end.

Add another size 11° seed head

O String the second head of now 2

bracelet

(a) Finish the other end as a mirror

Off-loom stitches



Brick-stitch frogs

whole rainforest full? Begin by making a brick stitch

#2 then back up bead #3 (figure 1).

@ Pick up bead #4 and pass the needle

(figure 2). O Continue adding beids like this

square knot (see "Basics," p. 4). Don't

1 To make the underside of the freq

up through #2 again (figure 3). @ For the rest of each row, add one



the foundation row (photo-a). Stitch an identical triangle on the (a) Work a third triangle starting with

bend added in step 2 (photo b), then O Fourth triangle, now I (head): This

up #2 (figure 5), Add one size 8°, one

between the next two beads? (photo-c).

(A Linish the triangle with one head

Wester 18 in. (45.7cm) of new bead on the foundation row. At a right

(a) On the bottom edge of the freg's news of these beads (photo d). Start the

between bead nown (figure 7), Finish

O You have accord options if you onto a necklace or earring.

materials

Detional, dok IS' head and a stickers









Off-loom stitches



Brick-stitch moth

makes a great beading project. To make

With 30 in. (91m) of sexued thread. prey of a wing (figure 1). Brick stitch

two beads (figure 2)

row (Square X) Transfer the life-sized bady natures

(Signate 4) to rissor mayor. Pin it to a

1 Sew the lower wings in place

Out a piece of rubbit for the same

(at the bottom of two feathers the shape of figure 5 (shown life-size) for

the edge of the rabbit for (photo d). (A) Optional: sow a pin back onto the

moth as a broach. • - Kiss Hignes

















materials

- 34 colors of Japanese cylinder bands
- 34 colors of Japanese cylinder bands
- Nymo D Seeding thread
- banding needin, #12
- spheet of Lan felt
- spabb far
- pubpater folerfill
- trissue paper
- thread
- trissue paper
- thread

thread
 E6000 or Sobe glue
 Z feathers (Emu, ostrich, or egod
Optionali pin back

Off-loom stitches

Fringed brick-stitch fairies









Those whimsical winged creatures can be made as pins, necklace pendants, or tree decorations. The double layer of fringe makes them especially festive.

Make these fairies with brick stitch, starting with the contre vertical row. Turn the pattern on its side and work the center row with ladder stitch. Then brick stitch one side, using increasing and decreasing to complete the shapes and the separate sections of the wing. Turn the piece over and zigang back to the ladder. Then work the other half of making fairy 1 (chart 1)

Using chart 1, above, stitch
the center row with ladder stite
(formers 1-1).

(figures 1-3).

Stich the next row to the right or left of the center with brick stitch (figures 4-5). Continue working

that side.

When making the scalkips on the wings, finish one scalkips shaping as necessary, and then sew back through the beadwork to begin the next scallip.

When the working thread grows

weaving into the beadwork severa rows back from where you wish to resume stitching.

making fairy 2 (chart 2)

Stitch the body and wings

Stitch the body and wings separately as in steps 1-4 of
"making fairy 1."

After completing both sections.

After completing both sections, position the wings behind the body as desired and stitch between the cen mows of the body and wings to secur them together. End the thread as in store 4 above.

BEADED CRITTERS

Off-loom stitches









lost row (chart I or 2, point a). This is

A String the beads according to the

O Tues the figure over and add longer O Tred the should as in stem 4 of

making a pin

ladder stitch

Figure 3: To stabilize the ladder, rigzag

Figure 4: Begin each row so no thread



















increasing brick stitch

Fireigh the stitch as in flature 4.

decreasing brick stitch Figure 7: To decrease at the edge of

and third beads over. Complete the stitch as in figure 4. 0 - Jermifer Crosser

materials

Ortional 1 in (2.5cm) on back 1 x 1 in.

(DB865)

. 200 language used brack, size 11°. Har.

• 38 5 x 2mm Couch pressed alons

. Japanese cylinder bends as follows

. SE pale police pearl (28232) * 128 sher-lined gold (\$8042) . 264 oppose sky blue laster (58215)

• 34 hoter cohet (38277) • 17 Noch CRISTS • 36 matte transparret dark topor (DRES): • 208 size 11" language used beads, poil

• 36 f. s Term special, alacs modelles.





Off-loom stitches



Squarestitch hummingbird

beads (figure L. b-c). This is the top-Rew 2: You now build increasing

the head, working figure 2 clockwise. (figure 2, a.b.). String three more and two-beads strong (figure 2, b-c). String

beads strung (figure 2, c-d). End the (figure 2, d-e). Row & The head will start to our with (figure 2, e-f). Then add two teal (figure the first head of this year (figure 2, i.i)

Bow & Add eight green in two stitches (figure 2, i-k), three teal (figure 2, k-l). eight black in two stitches (flauer 2, I-m) and three tool and a green (figure 2, m-n) Row 5: To add the eyes, keep the thread

(figure 3, a-b). beak

beads in three stirches (flamer 4, a-b). three stitches (floure 4, but). exits, go through beads 1-4 (figure 4, e-d) up as shown in figure 4a and turn the

back through 13 (figure 4, d-e), Go through heads #5.6, 2, and 1 (figure 4. head is complete.

lines on figure 5 show the existing thread

tral (figure 5, b-c), ten greens in three eitches (figure 5, c-d), and two teal and one white (figure 5, d-e). String three (figure 5, e-f). String one red and go

(figure 5, f-g). to end the row (figure 6, a-b, p. 34) Row & Work as shown in figure 6, b-c. Row & Follow Square 6, c-d. Roy 5 Follow figure 6, d-e

Row 9: Work figure 7, a-b, p. 34 (first Row 10: Work figure 7, b-c Row 1.1; Work figure 7, c-d

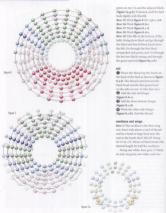
Rew 12: Work figure 7, d-e Row J.h Work figure 7, e-6 Rew 14 Work Squee







Off-loom stitches



0000000000000 white beads on each side-figure 10. other wing and end Note: The red lines on figure 10 Reve 2: Bring a new thread out of the Oligare 10, c-d). Skip the white bead boad (figure 10, d-e). Work the other wing to match. moterials



Tubular peyote fish

An article on hollow peyote-stirch beads
To make your own, start by using the
was the starting point for these
chart on p. 38. After that, make your
thurning peyote-stirch beaded fish.

fun beads for the first, tails, and eyes to make them as fantastic as you like. Aft you've made a few fish, you'll learn wh

CRITTING PR

Make the head end first. That was:

O Start with 1-2 vd. (.9-1.8m) of single

go through bead #1 to begin row 3.

body has body. (a) On row 11, put two this seed heads

head decreases On rose 12, put thin beads on each

and the center too head (photo b). You (photo c, see also the two green beads at the top of photo b), and complete the

(a) Instead of beginning row 13 with a

(A) When you get to the decrease on the

and heads (ebate e). Find one 13 by background bead added (photo f.p. 38)-13 background beads added on

(a) The Ex on row 14 indicate eve











On your 15, search two thirs seed

A Source the fish line at the center ten

placement. Work them in the fourth





O If plenty of thread remains, work



. San ... consed glass daggers, purca shells . eyes-purce shells, disks, flowers, beishi,



The year ball of the fish has those

1 Start another pair of side decreases A Start another pair of aligned side

tail, fins, and eyes

A To secure the ten tail books together the other (photo h) until you've zipped

@ Finish the tail by sewing on fringe,

@ Sew loops of break or fire-shaped (photo i).

@ Finish with small buttons, beishis

follow, • - Georgia McMillan:



Multi-stitch fish

fish body (rear half)

8 light blue (b), 18db. Go

Rew & Work person witch around the circle, adding (i), 3t. Sy (elyoto a. p. 42). Rese State 64 No. 64 Adh

photo b. p. 401, 25, 5t, 2p. 1s.

boads of new 17 (ebotes). p. 400 and the next to last

the eighth bead, go through

(photo d. p. 40). Rev 19 5/b.



body (phote e, p. 46). Rew # 21, 2/D.

(photo f, p. 40).

you added in row 7 (photo g. p. 40), 1db, 1t, then po Resr 9: 11, 1db.

head (photo b. p. 40).























All-(ebote I).



so the cozer edge of the tail as in row 5 to increase the fan. More \$5.20 for life the second bear \$6.20 for life the second bead between the and t beads — **ghoto** \$1, 25, in through \$6.20 for life the nearest bead on the body. Row \$66.40 ft, par on 34b at once and po bod, through the first to begin row 17 (**photo**); Row \$67.50 ft, then just the needle through the nearest bead on the body. Bear \$67.50 ft, the first to be first to be \$60.00 ft, the second bead on the body.

where the stop boad does. Rew 1: 69, 31, add it and libtogether in the acut space to its: (income – photo ki, 38, 1b and 11 together for the second inc, 3r, 69; Polie the thread tail and stop bead inside the bods. Rew 2: 69, 51 (the 48) 1 goes between the income boads on now 13, 26, 52, 69, Rew 4: 79, 64, 33, 64, 59; Rew 4: 69, 64, 64, 65, 59. On now 5 3 and 30-33,

(5, 48, 10, 48, 15); the start of the body; two 5-8 and 10-13, the way around the body; two 5-8 and 10-13, the day, the April of the body is center among of the fields, is constant among of the fields, is the start of the third is the start of the third is the start of the third is the start of the star

et rows, 3db. Row 23:14t, dec at to Row 22:7t, dec at tel Row 22:7t, dec at tel Row 22:15t, dec at tel Row 22:15t, dec at tel Row 25:15t, dec at top, 6t belly, 6t. Row 25:11t. Row 25: dec at top, 5t Row 25: dec at top, 5t Row 26: dec at top, 5t

the back





















thread on the dorsal ridge (photo p). Continue the finat the end of the body.

side fins

exiting bead #4 (figure 2). (figure 3).

(ebota e). At the mid-point

peyote back to the base of the direction (figure 1).

bettom fin String 9db. string three beads and go Row J: Go through the third buck through the db-bead bead from the end and on the body in the same for with 3t, go through the Row 2: Continue through the toward the tail (photo q). add th (bead #4), go through Rew & 3t, 1db. the second bead and add one witch (see "Basics") along the Rew 5: 1db, 3b, go through bead thead #5). Continue

of the mouth (photo r). •

Ballerina bear

makes a great starting point with

tail, and a ruffle for the tutu on the



O Out a X-in. (13mm) piece of a edge of the pour bead (photo a). Slide a

Thread a needle with a 5-ft. (1.5m)

String 22 color A seed beads leaving

(figure 1, a-b). @ Place the ring of beads over the

Once the ring is adjusted to fit

(figure 2 and photo-c).

Weave the needle through a few

@ To close up the neck end of the figure 2, a-c and photo d). Go buck the pony bead core (figure 2, c-d and photo el. Reinforce the circle with two



Thread a needle on the 20-in, tail peyote tube at the top of the head. O Builtion the needle so it exits the

circle at figure 3, point a. String 2A. the other side of the circle at point b (figure 3, a-b). String 2A, sew through back through the two bends strong (fligend set of two beads (figure 3, c-d). one more time (flaure X.d-e), Weaver

If your ring has a different number (photo g. p. 44).

ears O Position the thread so it exits a bead on the peyote tube (figure 4, a-b). Sew A String IA and any though all four again (figure 5, a-b, p. 44). String 4A and sew through the

(figure 6, a-b, p. 44). Sew through the head head (figure 6, b-c, p. 44). Arrange A Weree the thread into the nevote























through bead b. A Sear-discountly through turn break and through the bead below, figure 7, bead c. String 4A and sew through the 4A, sew through figure 7, bead d, and the bead below it, figure 7, bead e. O String SA, one black bead, and SA

and sew through figure 7, bead f. Sew. O See though figure 7, bead h, the









boad (figure 9, d-e). (a) Sew through the other three middle and photo j). Reinforce the thread path of the top.

(figure 9, a-b). (a) Sew up through the other end bead on the bottom row (figure 9, b-c).



(photo k). O Thread a people with a 3-ft. (.9m)



@ Follow sterm 2-6 for the sail, add

* Use color B seed beads. . Steps 6-9, the ring end of the torso Now work gurn count circular tail O Position the thread so it exits a head @ String SA and new back through the bend on the peyote tube (figure 8, a-b)

(a) Work three rows of percon using Sew through the last row and pull the beads together (photo I). Secure th

the one the thread exits (famore 8, b.c). 1 String 3A and sew back through the same bead on the poyote tube (figure 8 c-d and abota ii)

@ Weave the thread down the lee and Make the second leg, follow steps 2-5 G Secure the thread in the beadwork

3 Sew up through the end bead of the cuits (figure 9, point a). String 1A and

square stitch (photo h). Randomh they need not be stiff. (3) End the thread and trim.

bend below it, and figure 7, head i. String 5.4, sew through figure 7, bead j.

at figure 7, bead a Sew through

figure 7, bead j and two of the five

@ Week back through all of the nows

BEADED CRITTERS PR

O Thread a needle with a 3-ft, length

@ Follow steps 2-6 for the tail, adding

Nose poork exem-count circular Sew through the last row to close it

@ Secure the thread, weave it through

the other side. (3) Make the second arm. Tie off the

tutu ruffie

rufflex for a 20-bead ring you will have ten ruffles. O Thread a needle with a 2-ft. (.6m)

This is row 8 on the peyote tube. @ String 138, skip a bead on the row.

row (photo m). Continue around the torso, adding loops of 13 beads. When you approach the first loop.

(photo p). Bring the profile and thread

ruffles, the fifth ruffle will end at the the first ruffle started. Position the



O End the thread and teim.

assembling

O String the 4mm bead on the bead

(photo a). Make a loop (see "Basics") close to

1 Thread a needle on the thread at torso heads and stitch them together with amore stitch (photo p).

● End the thread and trim. ●











Toets: chainnese and roundrose pilers.



Beaded toy frog

(a) If the form is soft rubber, you can (photo a). If the form is hard, use the finest drill bit you have and drill

the holes. (a) Tring the needle up from the

and also the knot. Sew through the bead again. Then come up the inner



O String enough gold boads to

Now begin perote stitch around the

them (photo c). Take the recoils over to the other

beads alternately (photo d). (a) Next, fill in the beads on the nose to



beads where they are needed, going through as many beads as necessary to recessablish the peyote witch pattern. You can

budy

The syvar needle through the bends
acound an eye to fill in the gap between
the eye circles at the back using flat
peopter and pleining to the eye bead
as you came to them. You will have to
superage and and early to be each to fill in this
area (pubsic e). When you can prove
that a circle around the exch, do so.
String crough what and gald bends
to excepte the circle on the undersided
joining it to the either side of the proper
to to of the flat provided to the second of the second of the
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joining it to the other side of the peye en top of the frog (photo f, p. 48).

Peyote around the frog's neck for one row, using green and gold beads on the back and white and gold beads on the back and white and gold beads on the belly.

When you get back to the belly, tooth forward in the peptie under the back, sheing to the back sheing the sides of the top of the head and at the foats of the nose (ighosts g. p. 48).

 When your needle back to the circle around the body and coertissar working in tubular peptie until you come to the foat legs, third, any needle finetees or decreases at the sides so they don't extend the sides of the foat legs. When any needle finetees or decreases at the sides so they don't extend the sides on they don't extend the foat legs.





have decided to put on the back. Use either gradual or rapid increases or decreases as needed to fill the area smoothly (see "Basic"). Be ster to graph out the back pattern first

cos (see figure, p. 48), making its scale appropriate to the sier of your frog.

(b) When you come to the fount legs, work the back and helly separately it is flat psyste until you get past the place where the legs soin the body. Then

belly and resume working in tabular peyete (photo h, p. 48). Repeat this process when you reach the back legs. O Decrease for the tail end as needed and zip the top and bottom together.

legs.

When the body is complete, you'll need to reverse direction to be able to work around a leg. Come through a to body bead and pick up a bead going perpendicular to it. Go through the next body bead and report all the way around the leg hole (photo it, pik). Seeme of the body beads will already

• Now work tubular peyote stirch through the beads you added betwee the body beads.

At the joints, you'll need to week over just the outer curves stuff you recusant about prepare (phonos j. p. 480.) When you get to the end of a limb, cut off the plantic toes and rip the top and bottom beads together as at the tail. Work all four legs.

Use the 34-gas the tres like for through the b



















(photo k). Make three or four toes

necklace or breech

To make the frog into a necklace, and one front leg. You can open the

- or tou stores)
- - Reals chainness pliers, still results or a Springs I in C Sout on back aution









Make your own beaded buddies!

People recrywhern are discourring here fan and satisfying boodwerk in.

With a handful of materials and a few techniques, you can cour coincial

books into almost vary shape or pattern. Even Bring Drings can be recreated

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on fan in make and, with the late of this book, was can easier these land.

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